# CS 70 Discrete Mathematics and Probability Theory

 $Summer \ 2022 \quad \hbox{Jingjia Chen, Michael Psenka and Tarang Srivastava}$ 

DIS 3B

# 1 Polynomial Practice

- (a) If f and g are non-zero real polynomials, how many roots do the following polynomials have at least? How many can they have at most? (Your answer may depend on the degrees of f and g.)
  - (i) f+g
  - (ii)  $f \cdot g$
  - (iii) f/g, assuming that f/g is a polynomial

- (b) Now let f and g be polynomials over GF(p).
  - (i) We say a polynomial f = 0 if  $\forall x, f(x) = 0$ . If  $f \cdot g = 0$ , is it true that either f = 0 or g = 0?
  - (ii) How many f of degree exactly d < p are there such that f(0) = a for some fixed  $a \in \{0, 1, \dots, p 1\}$ ?

(c) Find a polynomial f over GF(5) that satisfies f(0) = 1, f(2) = 2, f(4) = 0. How many such polynomials are there?

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# 2 Interpolation Practice

Find the lowest degree polynomial with coefficients in  $\mathbb{R}$  that passes through the points (0,0),(1,2), and (2,-1). Now do it again in, with coefficients in GF(3).

# 3 Secrets in the United Nations

A vault in the United Nations can be opened with a secret combination  $s \in \mathbb{Z}$ . In only two situations should this vault be opened: (i) all 193 member countries must agree, or (ii) at least 55 countries, plus the U.N. Secretary-General, must agree.

(a) Propose a scheme that gives private information to the Secretary-General and all 193 member countries so that the secret combination *s* can only be recovered under either one of the two specified conditions.

(b) The General Assembly of the UN decides to add an extra level of security: each of the 193 member countries has a delegation of 12 representatives, all of whom must agree in order for that country to help open the vault. Propose a scheme that adds this new feature. The scheme should give private information to the Secretary-General and to each representative of each country.

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# 4 To The Moon!

A secret number s is required to launch a rocket, and Alice distributed the values  $(1, p(1)), (2, p(2)), \ldots, (n+1, p(n+1))$  of a degree n polynomial p to a group of \$GME holders  $Bob_1, \ldots, Bob_{n+1}$ . As usual, she chose p such that p(0) = s.  $Bob_1$  through  $Bob_{n+1}$  now gather to jointly discover the secret. However,  $Bob_1$  is secretly a partner at Melvin Capital and already knows s, and wants to sabotage  $Bob_2, \ldots, Bob_{n+1}$ , making them believe that the secret is in fact some fixed  $s' \neq s$ . How could he achieve this? In other words, what value should he report (in terms variables known in the problem, such as s', s or  $y_1$ ) in order to make the others believe that the secret is s'?

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